**Christopher Columbus**

* Columbus believed he could reach \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by sailing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ across the Atlantic Ocean.
* The Portuguese King did not believe in Columbus’ plan and refused to finance the voyage.
* He moved to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and received funding from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of Spain.
* In August 1492, Columbus set sail with three ships – the*\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.*
* On October 12th, the sailors spotted land. Believing he had landed in the Asian Islands known as the Indies, Columbus called the native people in this new land Indians.
* He then sailed south west to a large island. At first, he thought he was in Japan. Actually, Columbus was on the

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* He returned to Spain in 1943 and reported that there were huge amounts of gold in the land he referred to as the West Indies.
* He made several subsequent voyages planning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* During these voyages he landed on Hispaniola, Puerto Rico, and the northern coast of South America.
* He continued to believe that he had reach Asia until his death in 1506.

**Amerigo Vespucci**

* Many Explorers followed the route chartered by Columbus.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Amerigo Vespucci, made two trips to the new lands. His trips convinced Vespucci that these lands were not part of Asia.
* He wrote a letter describing a “new world.., more densely peopled and full of animals than our Europe or Asia or Africa.”
* A German Mapmaker labeled the region “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” on his maps. The name was later shortened to “America.”

**Ferdinand Magellan**

* After a Spanish colonist became the first European to set eyes on the Pacific Ocean, the search for a water route to Asia continued.
* Portuguese explorer, Ferdinand Magellan set out to find an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1519.
* Magellan discovered a strait, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, near the southern tip of present day Argentina.
* Magellan eventually reached the Asian islands.
* After conflict with the native people, Magellan continued and returned to Europe
* Three years after they had begun, the men who had survived became the first to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, or travel around, the entire Earth.

**Giovanni da Verrazano & the French**

* The king of France had ordered Verrazano to find a shorter water route to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* He set sail in 1524
* When Verrazano arrived at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, he thought he was looking at a route to Asia.
* Verrazano was actually off Portsmouth Island, near Cape Hatteras.
* Verrazano thought that the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ meant there would be gold.

**Hernando de Soto & the Spanish**

* In 1540, de Soto and his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ entered the Carolinas, looking for gold.
* De Soto encountered various groups along the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* De Soto died and was buried along the Mississippi River.
* Because de Soto and his men treated the Native Americans badly, they were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and de Soto was known as someone who was not respectful of nature or other humans.

**Juan Pardo & More Spaniards**

* Pardo’s expedition arrived on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1569 and included Catholic priests who tried to convert the Native Americans.
* Small groups of soldiers were left to begin camps in various areas.
* Pardo planned to return to the camps once he located gold.
* One hundred soldiers may have been in the foothills by the time the quest for gold was dropped.

**Sir Walter Raleigh and the English**

* Half-brothers, Sir Humphrey Gilbert and Sir Walter Raleigh, studied Verrazano’s work and thought they could find the route to China.
* The first expedition, in 1578, was turned back because of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and attacks by Spaniards.
* Gilbert went on a second expedition and was lost at sea in 1583. The queen did not let Raleigh go because she dreamt he would die.
* In 1584, Raleigh began his expeditions.
* The commanders of two of Raleigh’s ships claimed the Carolina shore in the name of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

on July 13, 1584. The Indians called the area “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

* When returning to England after six weeks, the men took two natives, notebooks of notes, and samples of plants.
* Queen Elizabeth knighted Raleigh, allowed him to name the colony\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and allowed him to begin to establish a permanent colony.

**The Lane Colony**

* Raleigh’s second expedition of 1585 included Ralph Lane, who was to erect a fort for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Writer Thomas Harriot and artist John White brought scientific information back to England.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was built, but desire for gold, conflict with native, and violence caused trouble.
* Frances Drake arrived in 1586. He took Lane and his party, leaving behind slaves and others.

**The White Colony**

* John White led 110 settlers, including women and children, to begin a settlement at Roanoke.
* August 18, 1857 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, John White’s granddaughter, was born. She was the first baby born to Europeans in the New World.
* White returned to England for supplies, but was not able to return for \_\_\_\_\_ years because of war in England.
* When White returned to the island in 1590, no one was there.
* Two clues White found were carved. One tree had the letters CRO and a post had the word CROATOAN. White thought the carvings meant the settlers were at a nearby village.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the ship prevented White from looking for the missing settlers.

**The Lost Colony**

* Many ideas explain what happened to the missing Roanoke settlers.
* Evidence that the settlers may have survived has been seen in descendants from the area.
* Some believe that the settlers went to the original destination – \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* England did not pursue settlements in the area for more than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years because of the tragedy at Roanoke.